203 S. H. S. C. E. May 2013 HISTORY 1 & 2 Objective and Essay Tests 2½ hours

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Index Number: 1110		

THE WEST AFRICAN EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

Senior High School Certificate Examination

May 2013

HISTORY

21/2 hours

Do not open this booklet until you are told to do so. While you are waiting, read and observe the following instructions carefully. Write your name and identification number in the space provided above.

This paper consists of two parts: Papers 1 and 2. Answer Paper 1 on your Objective Test Answer Sheet and Paper 2 in your Answer Booklet. Paper 1 will last for 1 hour after which the answer sheet will be collected. Do not start Paper 2 until you are told to do so. Paper 2 will last for 11/2 hours.

PAPER 1

OBJECTIVE TEST [40 marks]

1 hour

- 1. Use 2B pencil throughout.
- 2. On the objective answer sheet supplied, provide the following details correctly:
 - Supply the information required in the spaces marked CENTER NAME, CENTER No. SCHOOL NAME and SCHOOL No.
 - (b) In the space marked STUDENT'S NAME, write your surname followed by your other names. Write your IDENTIFICATION NUMBER in the space marked STUDENT No.
 - In the spaces marked SUBJECT and GRADE, write HISTORY AND 12TH in that order. (c)
 - (d) In the box marked *IDENTIFICATION NUMBER*, provide your **identification number** vertically in the spaces on the left-hand side and shade each numbered space in line with each digit. This identification number must be the same as the one indicated on your Admission Slip. Repeat the process with the correct information for the box marked YEAR OF FIRST ENTRY.
 - (e) In the box marked Subject Code, write the digits 203 vertically in the spaces on the left-hand side. Shade the corresponding numbered spaces as you did for your identification number.
- 3. An example is given below. This is for a male candidate whose name is Sagbeh Bondoe FANIA. His identification number is 101123456; his first entry is in 2013 and he is offering History.

THE WEST AFRICAN EXAM	MINATIONS COUNCIL-LIBERIA	
PRINT IN BLOCK LETTERS TOF-BROWNE ACADEMY	50010.4	
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WYNNA GAYVOLOR HIGH SCHOOL	101123	
SCHOOL NAME	SCHOOL No.	
FANIA, Sagbeh Bondoe	456]
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For Supervisors only. If a candidate is absent shade this space.	Shade the space marked M (for Male) or F (for Female) M F In this box	

PAPER 1 OBJECTIVE [40 marks]

Answer all the questions.

1 hour

Paper 1 consists of sixty questions. Each question is followed by four options lettered A to D. Find the correct option for each question and shade in pencil on your answer sheet the answer space which bears the same letter as the option you have chosen. Give only one answer to each question. An example is given below.

All of the following are functions of the National Legislature except

- A. appoint ambassadors.
- B. create counties.
- C. provide security.
- D. levy taxes.

The correct answer is appoint ambassadors which is lettered **A** and therefore answer space **A** would be shaded.

[B] [C] [D]

Think carefully before you shade the answer spaces; erase completely any answer you wish to change. Do all your rough work on this paper. Now answer the following questions.

- 1. The constitution of the **first** Liberian Republic was written by
 - A. Thomas Buchanan.
 - B. Simon Greenleaf.
 - C. Jehudi Ashmun.
 - D. Elijah Johnson.
- 2. All of the following indirectly ruled the hinterland in 1964 except
 - A. chiefs.
 - B. commissioners.
 - C. superintendents.
 - D. district commissioners.
- 3. Which of the following is **not** a source of Liberian history?
 - A. Oral history
 - B. Anthropology
 - C. Written history
 - D. Archaeology
- 4. The constitution of the Commonwealth was largely formulated by
 - A. Thomas Buchanan.
 - B. Hilary Teage.
 - C. Simon Greenleaf.
 - D. Jehudi Ashmun.

- 5. Which of the following is considered to be a Colonial period in the Liberian history?
 - A. 1816-1839
 - B. 1816-1847
 - C. 1822-1839
 - D. 1822-1847
- 6. The growth towards a true democratic form of government in Liberia after independence was slowed because of
 - A. class system in Liberia.
 - B. tribal wars in Liberia.
 - C. one party system in Liberia.
 - D. the African culture of the natives.
- 7. Which of the following can be attributed to the head of the Commonwealth of Liberia? He presided over the
 - A. National legislature and Supreme Court.
 - B. Supreme Court and local administrators.
 - C. American Colonization Society and Supreme Court.
 - D. Legislature and American Colonization Society.

- 8. The fall of the **first** Republic of Liberia can be attributed to the
 - A. December 25, 1990 civil war.
 - B. November 12, 1979 coup d'etat.
 - C. April 14, 1979 rice riot.
 - D. April 12, 1980 coup d'etat.
- 9. The Liberia Frontier Force was founded in
 - A. 1903.
 - B. 1906.
 - C. 1907.
 - D. 1908.
- 10. The judiciary of the Colony of Liberia was headed by the
 - A. Governor and assisted by two Justices.
 - B. Governor and assisted by three Justices.
 - C. Agent and assisted by two Justices.
 - D. Agent and assisted by three Justices.
- 11. Which of the following sequence is **true** about the presidential succession in Liberia?
 - A. Vice President, Speaker, President Pro-Tempore, Deputy Speaker and Cabinet
 - B. Speaker, Deputy Speaker and Chief Justice
 - C. Vice President, Chief Justice, Speaker, Cabinet and President Pro-Tempore
 - D. Vice President, President Pro-tempore, Speaker, Cabinet and Chief Justice
- 12. The traditional way of life in Liberia that brought happiness and a sense of belonging to our forefathers was the
 - A. festival of a king's birthday.
 - B. extended family system.
 - C. celebration of holidays.
 - D. birth of a king's son.
- 13. Which of the following pioneers were assisted by John Kizzell on the Sherbro Island?
 - A. Samuel Mills and Ebenezer Burgess
 - B. Eli Ayres and Samuel Mills
 - C. Jehudi Ashmun and Ebenezer Burgess
 - D. Samuel Mills and Jehudi Ashmun
- 14. The founder of Liberia's first newspaper in 1830 was called
 - A. John Brown Russurm.
 - B. Ezekiel Skinner.
 - C. Anthony Williams.
 - D. Jehudi Ashmun.

- 15. All of the following can be attributed to the Twin Battles except
 - A. it was fought with the combined forces of Vai, Dei and Mambahn Bassa.
 - B. the first battle took place on November 10, 1822.
 - C. it was fought during the administration of Jehudi Ashmun.
 - D. the second battle took place on November 20, 1822.
- **16.** All of the following were recommendations of the Christ Commission to Liberia **except**
 - greater educational opportunities.
 - B. strong control of the Frontier Force.
 - C. removal of barriers to the assimilating of natives.
 - reduction of taxes on plantation workers.
- 17. Which of the following counties delegate did **not** sign the Declaration of Independence?
 - A. Sinoe County
 - B. Montserrado County
 - C. Maryland County
 - D. Grand Bassa County
- 18. All of the following ladies participated in the making of the Liberian flag except
 - A. Sarah Draper.
 - B. Mary Brownell.
 - C. Susannah Lewis.
 - D. Mary Hunter.
- 19. The first standard bearer of the True Whig Party was
 - A. Alfred F. Russell.
 - B. David D. Coleman.
 - C. Edward J. Roye.
 - D. Hilary R. W. Johnson.
- **20.** In which year were the native Liberians granted citizenship?
 - A. 1885
 - B. 1948
 - C. 1930
 - D. 1904
- **21.** During the 1935 general election, the True Whig Party was led by
 - A. Thomas J.R. Faulkner.
 - B. Arthur Barclay.
 - C. Edwin J. Barclay.
 - D. Charles D. B. King.

- 22. Which of the following is **not** true about President David Coleman's Interior Policy?
 - A. It committed government's meager financial and human resources
 - B. It threatened the peace and prosperity that Liberians were enjoying
 - C. It did not have immediate financial return
 - D. It could encourage British to encroach on Liberia's land
- 23. Which of these kings was associated with the Port Cresson Massacre of 1835?
 - A. Kaanda Njola
 - B. Sao Boso
 - C. Joe Harris
 - D. King Jimmy
- 24. Who was the head of the executive branch of the colonial government of Liberia in 1839?
 - A. Thomas Buchanan
 - B. Joseph J. Roberts
 - C. Anthony D. Williams
 - D. Ezekiel Skinner
- 25. Who was the last head of the colonial government of Grand Bassa Cove Colony?
 - A. Edward Hankinson
 - B. Elijah Johnson
 - C. Thomas Buchanan
 - D. Boston Drayton
- **26.** The Remonstrance of 1823 was a list of grievances of the settlers against
 - A. Joseph Mechlin.
 - B. Ezekiel Skinner.
 - C. Jehudi Ashmun.
 - D. Richard Randall.
- 27. The Presidential term of Liberia was increased from two to four years by
 - A. William V. S. Tubman.
 - B. Edwin J. Barclay.
 - C. Edward J. Roye.
 - D. Stephen A. Benson.
- 28. The Interior Policy of the True Whig Party between 1848 and 1870 was to consolidate
 - A. economic growth and political power.
 - B. political power and authority.
 - C. cultural and economic growths.
 - D. authority and cultural growth.

- 29. During whose administration was the gun boat called Lack donated to Liberia by Queen Victoria of England? President
 - A. Joseph J. Roberts
 - B. Stephen A. Benson
 - C. Daniel B. Warner
 - D. James S. Payne
- 30. Liberia succeeded in her territorial expansion drive because
 - A. President Joseph J. Roberts paid more to the natives.
 - B. of the support received from the natives.
 - C. the American government recognized Liberia's Independence.
 - D. of the effective Interior Policy of the government.
- 31. During whose administration was the presidential term of office extended from two years to four years?
 - A. William V. S. Tubman
 - B. Edwin J. Barclay
 - C. G. W. Gibson
 - D. Arthur Barclay
- 32. The Liberian Frontier Force was organized to
 - defend the boundaries of Liberia with the neighboring countries.
 - B. arrest criminals at the borders of Liberia.
 - C. implement government's agenda for the interior.
 - D. support government policy on security in the counties.
- 33. Generally speaking, West African negroes are classified into
 - A. two groups.
 - B. three groups.
 - C. four groups.
 - D. five groups.
- 34. The Ghana kingdom was founded by a Soninke dynasty between AD
 - A. 100-200.
 - B. 200-300.
 - C. 300-400.
 - D. 400-500.

- 35. Kaya Magham overthrew the Berber dynasty and established a pure Soninke dynasty about
 - A. 770 AD.
 - B. 780 AD.
 - C. 790 AD.
 - D. 800 AD.
- 36. The famous king of Ancient Ghana was
 - A. Al-Bakri.
 - B. Kaya Magham.
 - C. Basi.
 - D. Tenkaminen.
- 37. Which of the following countries gained independence in 1957?
 - A. Ivory Coas
 - B. Ghana
 - C. Libya
 - D. Guinea
- 38. The king of Ancient Mali who was converted to Islam in 1050 AD is known as
 - A. Sundiata Keita.
 - B. Sumanguru.
 - C. Mansa Musa.
 - D. Baramendana.
- 39. Which of the following Sudanese empires is considered to be the last, greatest and largest?
 - A. Kanem Bornu
 - B. Songhai
 - C. Ghana
 - D. Mali
- 40. The first African leader to call for a creation of a regional organization in West Africa was
 - A. Sekou Toure.
 - B. Siaka Steven.
 - C. William V.S. Tubman.
 - D. Kwame Nkrumah.
- 41. Which of the following groups invaded the government and people of ancient Songhai Empire?
 - A. Tuaregs
 - B. Moroccans
 - C. Almoravids
 - D. Sanhaja Berbers
- **42.** All of these countries are members of ECOWAS except
 - A. Niger.
 - B. Benin.
 - C. Gabon.
 - D. Nigeria.

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- 43. The Pharaoh who established the first line of dynasty in Ancient Egypt was called King
 - A. Khufu.
 - B. Menes.
 - C. Akhenaton.
 - D. Thutmose III.
- 44. In which year did World War I end?
 - A. 1915
 - B. 1916
 - C. 1917
 - $\hat{\mathbf{D}}_{i}$ 1918
- 45. During the colonial rule in Africa, Morocco was struggled over by
 - A. France and Germany.
 - B. Great Britain and France.
 - (C) France and Portugal.
 - D. Great Britain and Portugal.
- 46. Early men became artisans during the
 - A. Neolithic Age.
 - B. Paleolithic Age.
 - C. Mesolithic Age.
 - D. Agricultural Age.
- 47. The military decline of the Kanuri state of Bornu came about as a result of attacks by the
 - A. Tuaregs and Sanhaja Berbers.
 - B. Sanhaja Berbers and Almoravids.
 - C. Kwararafa and Sanhaja Berbers.
 - D. Tuaregs and Kwararafa.
- **48.** All of the following are characteristics of domestic slavery in Africa **except**
 - A. slaves were obtained during warfare and debt.
 - B. slaves overworked on the farms of their masters.
 - Slaves could be appointed to higher position in the community.
 - D. slaves were employed by their kings or masters.

- 6
- 49. Which of the following statements is **true** about the practice of direct rule in Africa? It was practiced by
 - France, Belgium, Germany and Portugal.
 - B. Great Britain, Belgium, Germany and Portugal.
 - C. France, Great Britain, Belgium, and Germany.
 - D. Germany, Portugal, Great Britain and France.
- **50.** The Union of South Africa comprised the combination of
 - A British and Boer States.
 - B. German and British States.
 - C. Boer and German States.
 - D. Basutoland and Boer State.
- **51.** Great Britain was at the forefront of the abolition of the Trans-Sahara Slave Trade because
 - A. dealers could not capture slaves.
 - B. of the growth industries in Britain.
 - C. African Chiefs lost interest in the trade.
 - D. she had lost many territories in Africa.
- 52. The French invasion of ancient Egypt led to the
 - A. increase in the power of the Ottoman Empire.
 - B. reduction of the authority of Ottoman Sultan.
 - C. opening of the way for the British in Egypt.
 - D. military advancement of ancient Egypt.
- 53. Slavery was abolished in Britain in 1772 by the
 - A. Mansfield Judgment.
 - B. Wilberforce Judgment.
 - C. Bosman Judgment.
 - D. William Judgment.
- 54. All of the following were the **first** principal commodities exported by the Portuguese from West Africa **except**
 - A. slaves, ivory, pepper, and gun.
 - B. cloth, beads, trinkets and cowrie shells.
 - C. beads, gun, cloth and pepper.
 - D. gun, cloth, ivory and slaves.

- 55. The Congo River was explored by
 - A. David Livingstone.
 - B. Henry M. Stanley.
 - C. Mungo Park.
 - D. Richard Lander.
- **56.** Which of the following European Nations dominated the Atlantic Slave trade?
 - A. Portugal
 - B. France
 - C Great Britain
 - D. Germany
- 57. Which of the following African States successfully resisted European imperialism?
 - A. South Africa
 - B. Ethiopia
 - (C) Kenya
 - D. Nigeria
- 58. The best known British explorer in Africa was
 - A: David Livingstone.
 - B. Henry M. Stanley.
 - C. Scotsman J. Bruce.
 - D. John Speke.
- 59. Which of the following statements can be attributed to the Pharaoh of Ancient Egyptians? He was considered
 - A. one of Egypt's gods.
 - B. the only powerful god of Egypt.
 - C. the ancestor of the kings of Egypt.
 - D. creator of other gods in Egypt.
- **60.** During the colonial rule, Sudan was controlled by
 - A) Britain and France.
 - B. Egypt and Britain.
 - C. France and Egypt.
 - D. Egypt and Germany.

END OF OBJECTIVE TEST

DO NOT TURN OVER THIS PAGE UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

YOU WILL BE SEVERELY PENALIZED IF YOU ARE FOUND LOOKING ON THE NEXT PAGE BEFORE YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.

Paper 2 consists of ten questions divided into three sections: A, B and C. Answer four questions in all: two questions from section A, one question from section B and one question from section C. All questions carry equal marks.

SECTION A HISTORY OF LIBERIA [30 marks]

Answer two questions from this section.

- 1. Highlight any **two** ways used by Governor Thomas Bucharan's administration to prevent slave trade on the coast of Liberia.
- 2. Outline any three achievements of President Joseph J. Roberts' administration.
- 3. (a) Identify any two circumstances that led to the 1926 Firestone agreement.
 - (b) Identify any **five** economic impacts of the Open Door Policy of President William V. S. Tubman's administration.
- 4. (a) Highlight any two impacts of the territorial encroachment by British and French on Liberia.
 - (b) Identify any three primary reasons for the colonization of Liberia.
- 5. (a) Outline any **two** reasons why the period between 1848 and 1980 was called the First Liberian Republic.
 - (b) Highlight any three achievements of President William R. Tolbert's administration.

SECTION B HISTORY OF WEST AFRICA [15 marks]

Answer one question from this section.

- **6.** Identify any **five** positive effects of European trade on West Africa.
- 7. (a) Outline any two internal factors that led to the fall of the ancient Malian Empire.
 - (b) Highlight any three roles of ancient Mali Empire during the Trans-Saharan Trade.
- **8.** (a) Identify any **three** physical characteristics of the Hamitic Negros.
 - (b) Outline any four cultural features of the Pure Negros.

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SECTION C HISTORY OF AFRICA AND THE WORLD [15 marks]

Answer one question from this section.

- Identify any two characteristics of a city-state. 9. (a)
 - Outline any three ways each in which the hieroglyphics writing system was useful and (b) necessary to:
 - government officials; (i)
 - priests; and (ii)
 - (iii) merchants.
- Name any three countries in the Middle East that have close relationship with Northern Africa. 10. (a)
 - (b) Outline any four reasons why the people of North Africa and people of the Middle East are close.

END OF PAPER

Insel Sali Arabi Iraq